

## Graduation Rate Calculation

Graduation rate is calculated as 4, 5 and 6 year cohorts, and reports on students who graduated with a regular high school diploma during the 2013-2014 school year. The 4 year cohort is students who entered 9<sup>th</sup> grade during the 2010-2011 school year and graduated within 4 years. The 5 year cohort consists of students who entered 9<sup>th</sup> grade during the 2009-2010 school year and graduated within 5 years. The 6 year cohort consists of students who entered 9<sup>th</sup> grade during the 2008-2009 school year and graduated within 6 years.

The calculation is done in the same manner for all students, and the target is the same as for general education population. The formula used to calculate 4 year rate is:

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Cohort} \\ \text{Graduation =} \\ \text{Rate} \end{array} = \frac{\text{On-time Graduates By "Year x"}}{\begin{array}{l} \text{(First-time Entering Ninth Graders in "Year x-4")} \\ \text{+ (Transfers In)} \\ \text{- (Transfers Out)} \end{array}}$$

The same method is used to calculate the 5 year and 6 year rates.

The result reported in the Local APR and in the State Summary is the highest result of the three rates, and is used to determine whether the State or the Supervisory Union met the target.